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# **PCT**

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# (57) Abstract

A compound of formula (I) wherein R<sup>1</sup> is cyano, thiocarbamoyl, a group of formula (a) in which R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, lower alkyl which may have optionally substituted aryl, acyl, optionally substituted aryl, lower alkylthio or 1-lower alkylindolyl, A<sup>1</sup> is lower alkylene, and m and n are each 0 or 1, a group of the formula -A<sup>2</sup>-R<sup>5</sup> in which R<sup>5</sup> is morpholino, piperidino, 4-arylpiperazin-1-yl, phthalimido, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolin-1-yl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl or imidazol-1-yl, and A<sup>2</sup> is lower alkylene, or a group of formula (b) in which R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are each hydrogen, optionally substituted aryl, acyl, pyridyl(lower)alkyl, thienyl(lower)alkyl, 3,4-dihydroisoquinolinyl, (lower alkylimino) (optionally substituted aryl) methyl or lower alkyl which may have optionally substituted aryl, and A<sup>3</sup> is lower alkylene, and R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, or R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are linked together to form (1), (2), or (3), in which R<sup>8</sup> is amino or acylamino, and R<sup>9</sup> is hydrogen, acyl or lower alkyl which may have optionally substituted aryl, and R<sup>3</sup> is 1-lower alkylindolyl, benzofuranyl, dihydrobenzofuranyl, or optionally substituted aryl, and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which is useful as a medicament for prophylactic and therapeutic treatment of 5-HT mediated diseases.

$$-(A^1-NE)_m-C-(NH)_n-R^4$$
 (a)

$$-(CH_2)_3-N-$$
 (3)

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a group of the formula :

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in which R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are each hydrogen, optionally substituted aryl, acyl, pyridyl(lower)alkyl, thienyl(lower)alkyl, 3,4-dihydroisoquinolinyl, (lower alkylimino) (optionally substituted aryl) methyl or lower alkyl which may have optionally substituted aryl, and

 $A^3$  is lower alkylene, and

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen; or

 $\mathbb{R}^1$  and  $\mathbb{R}^2$  are linked together to form

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$$-(CH_2)_2-N-CH_2-$$
 , or R9

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in which R<sup>8</sup> is amino or acylamino, and

R<sup>9</sup> is hydrogen, acyl or lower alkyl which may
have optionally substituted aryl, and

R<sup>3</sup> is 1-lower alkylindolyl, benzofuranyl,
dihydrobenzofuranyl, or optionally substituted
aryl.

According to the present invention, the object compounds

(I) can be prepared by the following main processes:

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Process 1

 $R^{1}$   $R^{2}$   $NH_{2}$   $R^{1}$   $R^{2}$   $NH_{2}$   $R^{1}$   $R^{2}$   $R^{2}$   $R^{2}$ 

(II) or a salt thereof

(III) or a salt thereof

15 H<sub>2</sub>N-R<sup>3</sup>

or a salt thereof

(ii)

R1

R2

20 (I) or a salt thereof

30  $H_2N-R^3$  (i) (V) or a salt thereof

35 <sup>′</sup>

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(I)
or a salt thereof

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Process 3

Curtius Rearrangement
(i)

(VI) or a salt thereof

(VII) or a salt thereof

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$$H_2N-R^3$$

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(I) or a salt thereof

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Process 4

HOOC-R<sup>3</sup>

Curtius Rearrangement

(i)

(IX)

or a salt thereof

or a salt thereof

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wherein  ${\mbox{R}}^1$ ,  ${\mbox{R}}^2$  and  ${\mbox{R}}^3$  are each as defined above.

Further, the object compounds (I) prepared by the above Processes 1 to 4 can be achieved conversion of their side chain within the scope of the compounds of the present invention as shown in the Examples below.

Suitable salt of the compounds (I), (II), (III), (IV), (V), (VI), (VII), (VIII) and (IX) are conventional non-toxic pharmaceutically acceptable salt and may include a salt with a base or an acid addition salt such as a salt with an inorganic base, for example, an alkali metal salt (e.g. sodium salt, potassium salt, cesium salt, etc.), an alkaline earth metal salt (e.g. calcium salt, magnesium salt, etc.),

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an ammonium salt; a salt with an organic base, for example, an organic amine salt (e.g. triethylamine salt, pyridine salt, picoline salt, ethanolamine salt, triethanolamine salt, dicyclohexylamine salt, N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine salt, etc.), etc.; an inorganic acid addition salt (e.g. hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, sulfate, phosphate, etc.); an organic carboxylic or sulfonic acid addition salt (e.g. formate, acetate, trifluoroacetate, maleate, tartrate, methanesulfonate, benzenesulfonate, p-toluenesulfonate, etc.); a salt with a basic or acidic amino acid (e.g. arginine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, etc.); and the like, and the preferable example thereof is an acid addition salt.

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In the above and subsequent descriptions of the present specification, suitable examples and illustrations of the various definitions which the present invention include within the scope thereof are explained in detail as follows.

The term "lower" is intended to mean 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms, unless otherwise indicated.

Suitable "lower alkyl" and lower alkyl moiety in the term "lower alkylthio", "l-lower alkylindolyl", "pyridyl(lower)alkyl" and "thienyl(lower)alkyl" may include straight or branched one, having 1 to 6 carbon atom(s), such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, preferably one having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and the like, in which the most preferred one is methyl, ethyl, propyl or butyl.

Suitable "lower alkylene" is one having 1 to 6 carbon atom(s) and may include methylene, ethylene, methylmethylene, trimethylene, propylene, tetramethylene, methyltrimethylene, hexamethylene, and the like, in which the preferred one is methylene or methylmethylene.

Suitable "optionally substituted aryl" includes aryl

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(e.g. phenyl, naphthyl, etc.) which may have suitable substituent(s) such as lower alkyl as mentioned above, lower alkoxy (e.g. methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, etc.), halogen (e.g. fluoro, chloro, bromo, etc.), trihalo(lower)alkoxy (e.g. trifluoromethoxy, etc.), N,N-di(lower alkyl)amino (e.g. N,N-dimethylamino, etc.), and the like.

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"lower alkyl which may have optionally substituted aryl" means lower alkyl as mentioned above, which may have optionally substituted aryl as mentioned above.

Suitable "4-arylpiperazin-1-yl" may include 4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl, 4-naphthylpiperazin-1-yl, and the like.

Suitable "(lower alkylimino) (optionally substituted aryl)methyl" may include (methylimino) (phenyl)methyl, and the like.

Suitable "acyl" and "acyl moiety" in the terms
"acylamino" may include carbamoyl, aliphatic acyl group and
acyl group containing an aromatic ring, which is referred to
as aromatic acyl, or heterocyclic ring, which is referred to
as heterocyclic acyl.

Suitable example of said acyl may be illustrated as follows:

25 Carbamoyl; Thiocarbamoyl;
 Aliphatic acyl such as lower or higher alkanoyl (e.g.,
 formyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl, 2-methylpropanoyl,
 pentanoyl, 2,2-dimethylpropanoyl, hexanoyl, heptanoyl,
 octanoyl, nonanoyl, decanoyl, undecanoyl, dodecanoyl,
 tridecanoyl, tetradecanoyl, pentadecanoyl, hexadecanoyl,
 heptadecanoyl, octadecanoyl, nonadecanoyl, icosanoyl, etc.);
 lower or higher alkoxycarbonyl (e.g., methoxycarbonyl,
 heptyloxycarbonyl, etc.);
 lower or higher alkylsulfonyl (e.g., methylsulfonyl,

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ethvlsulfonyl, etc.);

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lower or higher alkoxysulfonyl (e.g., methoxysulfonyl,
      ethoxysulfonyl, etc.);
      cyclo(lower)alkylcarbonyl (e.g., cyclopentylcarbonyl,
     cyclohexylcarbonyl, etc.); or the like;
           Aromatic acyl such as
      aroyl (e.g., benzoyl, toluoyl, naphthoyl, etc.);
      ar(lower)alkanoyl [e.g., phenyl(lower)alkanoyl (e.g.,
      phenylacetyl, phenylpropanoyl, phenylbutanoyl,
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      phenylisobutanoyl, phenylpentanoyl, phenylhexanoyl, etc.),
      naphthyl(lower)alkanoyl (e.g., naphthylacetyl,
      naphthylpropanoyl, naphthylbutanoyl, etc.), etc.];
      ar(lower)alkenoyl [e.g., phenyl(lower)alkenoyl (e.g.,
      phenylpropenoyl, phenylbutenoyl, phenylmethacryloyl,
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      phenylpentenoyl, phenylhexenoyl, etc.),
      naphthyl(lower)alkenoyl (e.g., naphthylpropenoyl,
      naphthylbutenoyl, etc.), etc.];
      ar(lower)alkoxycarbonyl [e.g., phenyl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl
      (e.g., benzyloxycarbonyl, etc.), etc.];
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      aryloxycarbonyl (e.g., phenoxycarbonyl, naphthyloxycarbonyl,
      etc.;
      aryloxy(lower)alkanoyl (e.g., phenoxyacetyl,
      phenoxypropionyl, etc.);
      arylglyoxyloyl (e.g., phenylglyoxyloyl, naphthylglyoxyloyl,
25
      etc.);
      arylsulfonyl (e.g., phenylsulfonyl, p-tolylsulfonyl, etc.);
      or the like;
          Heterocyclic acyl such as
     heterocycliccarbonyl;
     heterocyclic(lower)alkanoyl (e.g., heterocyclicacetyl,
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     heterocyclicpropanoyl, heterocyclicbutanoyl,
     heterocyclicpentanoyl, heterocyclichexanoyl, etc.);
     heterocyclic(lower)alkenoyl (e.g., heterocyclicpropenoyl,
     heterocyclicbutenoyl, heterocyclicpentenoyl,
     heterocyclichexenoyl, etc.);
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heterocyclicglyoxyloyl; or the like; in which suitable "heterocyclic moiety" in the terms "heterocycliccarbonyl", "heterocyclic(lower)alkanoyl", heterocyclic(lower)alkenoyl" and "heterocyclicglyoxyloyl" as mentioned above means, in more detail, saturated or unsaturated, monocyclic or polycyclic heterocyclic group containing at least one hetero-atom such as an oxygen, sulfur, nitrogen atom and the like.

And, especially preferable heterocyclic group may be heterocyclic group such as

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unsaturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atom(s), for example, pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, dihydropyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazolyl (e.g., 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc.), tetrazolyl (e.g., 1H-tetrazolyl, 2H-tetrazolyl, etc.), etc.;

saturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atom(s), for example, pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, piperidyl, piperazinyl, etc.;

unsaturated condensed heterocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atom(s), for example, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolinyl, indolizinyl, benzimidazolyl (e.g. 1H-benzimidazolyl, etc.), quinolyl, isoquinolyl, tetrahydroisoquinolyl (e.g. 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl, etc.) indazolyl, benzotriazolyl, quinazolinyl, quinoxalinyl, phthalazinyl, etc.;

unsaturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), for example, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, etc.), etc.;

saturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen

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atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), for example,
morpholinyl, sydnonyl, etc.;

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unsaturated condensed heterocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), for example, benzoxazolyl, benzoxadiazolyl, etc.;

unsaturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), for example, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, thiadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, etc.), dihydrothiazinyl, etc.;

saturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), for example, thiomorpholinyl, thiazolidinyl, etc.;

unsaturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atom(s), for example, thienyl, dihydrodithiinyl, dihydrodithionyl, etc.;

unsaturated condensed heterocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), for example, benzothiazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, etc.;

unsaturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing an oxygen atom, for example, furyl, etc.;

unsaturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing an oxygen atom and 1 to 2 sulfur atom(s), for example, dihydrooxathiinyl, etc.;

unsaturated condensed heterocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atom(s), for example, benzothienyl, benzodithiinyl, etc.;

unsaturated condensed heterocyclic group containing an oxygen atom and 1 to 2 sulfur atom(s), for example, benzoxathiinyl, etc.; and the like.

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The acyl moiety as stated above may have one to ten, same or different, suitable substituent(s).

The preferred embodiments of  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and  $\mathbb{R}^3$  are as follows.

 $R^1$  is cyano, thiocarbamoyl, a group of the formula :

 $\begin{array}{ccc}
& & \text{NH} \\
& & \text{10} & & -(A^1 - NH)_m - C - (NH)_n - R^4
\end{array}$ 

wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, phenyl(lower)alkyl, di(lower alkoxy)phenyl(lower)alkyl, phenyl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl, phenyl, lower alkoxyphenyl, lower alkylthio or 1-lower alkylindolyl,

A<sup>1</sup> is lower alkylene, and m and n are each 0 or 1,

a group of the formula :

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 $-A^{2}-R^{5}$ 

wherein R<sup>5</sup> is morpholino, piperidino, 4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl, phthalimido, 1,2,3,4tetrahydroquinolin-1-yl, 1,2,3,4tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl or imidazol-1yl, and

 ${\tt A}^2$  is lower alkylene, or a group of the formula :

 $R^{6}$   $-A^{3}$   $R^{1}$ 

wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are each hydrogen, phenyl, lower alkanoyl, phenyl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl,

pyridyl(lower)alkyl, thienyl(lower)alkyl, 3,4-dihydroisoquinolinyl, (lower alkylimino)(phenyl)methyl, lower alkyl, phenyl(lower)alkyl, naphthyl(lower)alkyl, (mono- or di- or trilower alkyl)phenyl- (lower)alkyl, (mono- or di- or trilower alkoxy)phenyl(lower)alkyl, (mono- or di- or trihalo)phenyl(lower)alkyl, (trihalo(lower)alkoxy)phenyl(lower)alkyl or [lower alkoxy][trihalo(lower)alkoxy]-phenyl(lower)alkyl, and

 ${\tt A}^{\tt 3}$  is lower alkylene, and

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen; or

 ${\bf R}^1$  and  ${\bf R}^2$  are linked together to form

$$-(CH_2)_2-N-CH_2-$$
, or R9

$$-(CH_2)_{3}^{-N-}$$

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wherein  $R^8$  is amino or lower alkanoylamino, and  $R^9$  is hydrogen, phenyl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl or phenyl(lower)alkyl, and

R<sup>3</sup> is 1-lower alkylindolyl, benzofuranyl, dihydrobenzofuranyl, or
N,N-di(lower alkyl)aminophenyl.

Further, the preferred embodiments of  $\ensuremath{\text{R}}^1,\ \ensuremath{\text{R}}^2$  and  $\ensuremath{\text{R}}^3$  are as follows.

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wherein  $R^4$  is hydrogen or phenyl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl, and

A<sup>1</sup> is lower alkylene,

a group of the formula :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \cdot & \text{NH} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ -\text{A}^1 - \text{NH} - \text{C} - \text{R}^4 \end{array}$$

wherein  $\mathbf{R}^4$  is phenyl or 1-lower alkylindolyl, and  $\mathbf{A}^1$  is lower alkylene, a group of the formula :

20 NH 20 - NH-R

wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, phenyl(lower)alkyl,
di(lower alkoxy)phenyl(lower)alkyl,
phenyl or lower alkoxyphenyl,
a group of the formula:

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wherein  $R^4$  is lower alkylthio, a group of the formula :

35 -A<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>

wherein R<sup>5</sup> is morpholino, piperidino, 4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl, phthalimido, 1,2,3,4tetrahydroquinolin-1-yl, 1,2,3,4tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl or imidazol-1yl, and

 $A^2$  is lower alkylene, or a group of the formula :

wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are each hydrogen, phenyl, lower alkanoyl, phenyl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl, pyridyl(lower)alkyl, thienyl(lower)alkyl, 3,4-dihydroisoquinolinyl, (lower alkylimino) (phenyl)methyl, lower alkyl, phenyl(lower)alkyl, naphthyl(lower)alkyl, (mono- or di- or trilower alkyl)phenyl(lower)alkyl, (mono- or di- or trilower alkoxy)phenyl(lower)alkyl, (mono- or di- or trihalo)phenyl(lower)- alkyl, [trihalo(lower)alkoxy]phenyl- (lower)alkyl or [lower alkoxy][trihalo- (lower)alkoxy]phenyl(lower)alkyl, and A<sup>3</sup> is lower alkylene,

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen and

R<sup>3</sup> is 1-lower alkylindolyl, benzofuranyl, dihydrobenzofuranyl or N,N-di(lower alkyl)aminophenyl.

The processes 1 to 4 for preparing the object compounds (I) of the present invention are explained in detail in the following.

# Process 1:

The object compound (I) or a salt thereof can be

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prepared by reacting the compound (II) or a salt thereof with 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole and continuously by reacting the obtained compound (III) or a salt thereof with the compound (IV) or a salt thereof.

The present reaction is usually carried out in a solvent such as dioxane, dimethylsulfoxide, dimethylformamide, diethylformamide, dimethylacetamide, benzene, hexane, tetrahydrofuran, or any other solvent which does not adversely affect the reaction.

The reaction temperature is not critical and the reaction is usually carried out under cooling, at ambient temperature or under heating.

#### Process 2:

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The object compound (I) or a salt thereof can be prepared by reacting the compound (IV) or a salt thereof with 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole and continuously by reacting the obtained compound (V) or a salt thereof with the compound (II) or a salt thereof.

The reaction can be carried out in a similar manner to that of the aforementioned <u>Process 1</u>.

#### Process 3:

The object compound (I) or a salt thereof can be prepared by subjecting the compound (VI) or a salt thereof to Curtius Rearrangement reaction and continuously by reacting the obtained compound (VII) or a salt thereof with the compound (IV) or a salt thereof.

Curtius Rearrangement reaction may carried out by using a conventional reagent such as diphenylphosphoryl azide.

The reaction may be also carried out in the presence of an organic or inorganic base such as an alkali metal bicarbonate, tri(lower)alkylamine, pyridine, N-(lower)alkylmorphorine, N,N-di(lower)alkylbenzylamine, or the like.

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The reaction temperature is not critical, and the reaction is usually carried out under cooling to heating.

# Process 4:

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The object compound (I) or a salt thereof can be prepared by subjecting the compound (VIII) or a salt thereof to Curtius Rearrangement reaction and continuously by reacting the obtained compound (IX) or a salt thereof with the compound (II) or a salt thereof.

This reaction can be carried out in a similar manner to that of the aforementioned <u>Process 3</u>.

The object compound (I) of the present invention can be isolated and purified in a conventional manner, for example, extraction, precipitation, fractional crystallization, recrystallization, chromatography, and the like.

The object compound (I) thus obtained can be converted to its salt by a conventional method.

The object compound (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof may include a solvate [e.g., enclosure compound (e.g., hydrate, etc.)].

The object compound (I) of the present invention are novel and exhibit pharmacological activities such as 5-HT antagonism, especially, 5-HT<sub>2C</sub> antagonism, and the like and therefore are useful as 5-HT antagonist for treating or preventing central nervous system (CNS) disorders such as anxiety, depression, obsessive compulsive disorders, migraine, anorexia, Alzheimer's disease, sleep disorders, bulimia, panic attacks, withdrawal from drug abuse such as cocaine, ethanol, nicotine and benzodiazepines, schizophrenia, and also disorders associated with spinal trauma and/or head injury such as hydrocephalus, and the like.

In order to illustrate the usefulness of the object

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compounds (I), pharmacological activity of representative compound of the present invention are shown below.

# Test Method:

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[3H]-mesulergine binding

The affinity of test drugs for the  $5-{\rm HT_{2C}}$  binding site can be determined by assessing their ability to displace [ $^3{\rm H}$ ]-mesulergine in the rat prefrontal cortex. The method employed was similar to that of Pazos et al, 1984.

The membrane suspension (500  $\mu$ l) was incubated with [<sup>3</sup>H]-mesulergine (1 nM) in Tris HCl buffer containing CaCl<sub>2</sub> 4 mM and ascorbic acid 0.1% (pH 7.4) at 37°C for 30 minutes. Non-specific binding was measured in the presence of mianserin (1  $\mu$ M). 30 nM spiperone was used to prevent binding to 5-HT<sub>2A</sub> sites. Test drugs (10<sup>-6</sup> M) were added in a volume of 100  $\mu$ l. The total assay volume was 1000  $\mu$ l. Incubation was stopped by rapid filtration using a Brandel cell harvester and radioactivity measured by scintillation counting.

The IC<sub>50</sub> values were determined using a four parameter logistic program (DeLean 1978) and the pKi (the negative logarithm of the inhibition constant) calculated from the Cheng Prusoff equation where:

$$\text{Ki = inhibition constant} \\ \text{Ki = } \frac{\text{IC}_{50}}{\text{C = concentration of } [^3\text{H}]\text{-mesulergine}} \\ \text{Kd = affinity of mesulergine for 5-HT}_{2C} \\ \text{binding sites.}$$

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#### Test Compounds:

(1) N-(1-Methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-N'-(3-pyridyl)urea (Reference compound (A))

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- (2) N-[3-(Butylamidino)phenyl]-N'-[1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]urea hydroiodide
- (3) N-[3-(Benzylamidino)phenyl]-N'-[1-methyl-1H-indol-5-10 yl]urea hydroiodide
  - (4) N-[3-[2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amidinophenyl]-N'-[1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]urea hydroiodide

# 15 <u>Test Result</u>:

Compound	Inhibition (%)
(1)	21
(2)	77
(3)	83
(4)	82

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For therapeutic or preventive administration, the object compound (I) of the present invention are used in the form of conventional pharmaceutical preparation which contains said compound as an active ingredient, in admixture with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers such as an organic or inorganic solid or liquid excipient which is suitable for oral, parenteral and external administration. The pharmaceutical preparations may be in solid form such as tablet, granule, powder, capsule, or liquid form such as solution, suspension, syrup, emulsion, lemonade and the like.

If needed, there may be included in the above preparations auxiliary substances, stabilizing agents,

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wetting agents and other commonly used additives such as lactose, citric acid, tartaric acid, stearic acid, magnesium stearate, terra alba, sucrose, corn starch, talc, gelatin, agar, pectin, peanut oil, olive oil, cacao butter, ethylene glycol, and the like.

While the dosage of the compound (I) may vary from and also depend upon the age, conditions of the patient, a kind of diseases or conditions, a kind of the compound (I) to be applied, etc. In general amounts between 0.01 mg and about 500 mg or even more per day may be administered to a patient. An average single dose of about 0.05 mg, 0.1 mg, 0.25 mg, 0.5 mg, 1 mg, 20 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg of the object compound (I) of the present invention may be used in treating diseases.

The following Preparations and Examples are given for the purpose of illustrating the present invention.

# Preparation 1

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A mixture of 3-nitrobenzyl bromide (1 g) and 420 methoxybenzylamine (2.26 g) in chloroform (20 ml) was
refluxed for 3 hours. This solution was washed with 1N
aqueous sodium hydroxide solution twice, dried over magnesium
sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. The residue was
chromatographed on silica gel (hexene:chloroform = 1:1) to
25 give N-(4-methoxybenzyl)-3-nitrobenzylamine.

IR (Film): 3300, 1600, 1580 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.80 (1H, s), 3.62 (2H, s), 3.79

(3H, s), 3.87 (2H, s), 6.85-6.88 (2H, m), 7.23-7.27

(2H, m), 7.60 (1H, t,  $\tilde{J}$ =7.9Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, J=7.6Hz), 8.09 (1H, d, J=8.1Hz), 8.38 (1H, s)

# Preparation 2

A mixture of 3-nitrobenzyl chloride (1.01 g), diphenylamine (500 mg), potassium hydroxide (993 mg), potassium carbonate (652 mg) and tetra-n-butylammonium

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sulfate (79 mg) in toluene (30 ml) was stirred at 72°C for 3 hours. The mixture was washed with water, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. This oil was chromatographed on silica gel (hexane:ethyl acetate = 8:1) to give N-(3-nitrobenzyl)diphenylamine.

IR (Nujol): 1580, 1520 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 5.16 (2H, s), 6.90-7.31 (12H, m),

7.62 (1H, t, J=7.8Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, J=7.7Hz), 8.08

(1H, d, J=8.1Hz), 8.19 (1H, s)

10 MASS: 305 (M+1)

# Preparation 3

A mixture of N-(4-methoxybenzyl)-3-nitrobenzylamine (1.8 g), benzyloxycarbonyl chloride (1 ml) and triethylamine (1 ml) in toluene (15 ml) was stirred at ambient temperature for 3 hours. This solution was washed with water twice, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (chloroform) to give N-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-N-(4-methoxybenzyl)-3-nitrobenzylamine.

IR (Film): 3450, 1690, 1600 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.72 (3H, s), 4.45 (2H, s), 4.54 (2H, s), 5.16 (2H, s), 6.84-6.88 (2H, m), 7.11-8.11 (11H, m)

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# Preparation 4

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Preparation 3.

N-(Benzyloxycarbonyl)-N-(4-methylbenzyl)-3-nitrobenzylamine

IR (Film): 3000, 2900, 1680 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.27 (3H, s), 4.47 (2H, s), 4.54

(2H, s), 5.16 (2H, s), 7.12-7.4 (9H, m), 7.5-7.8

(2H, m), 7.90-8.12 (2H, m)

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# Preparation 5

A mixture of N-(3-nitrobenzyl)diphenylamine (400 mg), ferric chloride (150 mg), active carbon (700 mg) and hydrazine monohydrate (260 mg) in ethanol (15 ml) was stirred at 70°C for 2 hours. The mixture was filtered, evaporated. The residue was dissolved in chloroform, washed with water, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated to give 3-(N,N-diphenylaminomethyl)aniline.

IR (Nujol) : 1575, 1520 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 4.83 (2H, s), 5.01 (2H, s), 6.36-6.47 (2H, m), 6.56 (1H, s), 6.86-7.28 (11H, m)

MASS: 275 (M+1)

# Example 1

15 A solution of m-aminobenzonitrile (3.01 g) and 1,1'carbonyldiimidazole (4.14 g) in tetrahydrofuran (30 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. A solution of 5amino-l-methylindole (2.48 g) in tetrahydrofuran (20 ml) was added to the solution. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 48 hours. After evaporation of the solvent, 20 the residue was dissolved in chloroform-methanol (7:3, V/V). The solution was evaporated in vacuo to the volume of 15 ml. The solution was diluted with methanol and allowed to stand at room temperature overnight. The crystals formed was collected and washed with methanol to give N-(3-cyanophenyl)-25 N'-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)urea (2.48 g). From the filtrate, another crop of the product (0.82 g) was obtained in a similar manner to that described above.

mp : 203-208°C

30 IR (Nujol): 3280, 2220, 1630, 1555 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.76 (3H, s), 6.35 (1H, d, J=3Hz),

7.14-7.75 (7H, m), 8.00 (1H, s), 8.60 (1H, s), 8.93

(1H, s)

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To a solution of N-(3-cyanophenyl)-N'-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)urea (2.99 g) in pyridine (30 ml) and triethylamine (10 ml) was passed through slowly hydrogen sulfide gas for 8 hours at room temperature. After 12 hours the solution was diluted with water and stirred for 2 hours. The precipitate formed was collected and washed with water to give N-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-N'-(3-thiocarbamoylphenyl)-urea (3.19 g).

mp : 211-214°C

IR (Nujol): 3290, 3180, 1625, 1604, 1568 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.76 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=3Hz),

7.12-7.70 (7H, m), 7.95 (1H, s), 8.42 (1H, s), 8.76 (1H, s), 9.46 (1H, s), 9.84 (1H, s)

# 15 Example 3

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To a solution of N-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-N'-(3-thiocarbamoylphenyl) urea (1.87 g) in a mixture of acetonitrile (8 ml) and N,N-dimethylformamide (15 ml) was added methyliodide (2 ml). After 24 hours, the solution was diluted with ether. The precipitate formed was collected and washed with ether to give N-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[methylthio(imino)methyl]phenyl]urea hydroiodide (2.60 g).

mp: 187-196°C

IR (Nujol): 3270, 3150, 1675, 1590, 1555 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.85 (3H, s), 3.77 (3H, s), 6.36 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.15-7.70 (8H, m), 8.22 (1H, s), 8.60 (1H, s), 9.03 (1H, s)

# Example 4

A mixture of N-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-N'-[3[methylthio(imino)methyl]phenyl]urea (0.51 g) and aniline
(0.20 g) in N,N-dimethylformamide (3 ml) was stirred at 70°C
for 8 hours. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue
was neutralized with 1N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution and
extracted twice with butanol. The butanol layer was

- 24 -

evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (15% methanol in chloroform) to give N-[1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]-N'-[3-(phenylamidino)-phenyl]urea (80 mg) as an amorphous powder.

IR (Nujol): 3430, 3300, 1690, 1630, 1570 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.75 (3H, s), 6.22 (1H, br s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.80-7.60 (13H, m), 7.70 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.03 (1H, s), 8.42 (1H, s), 8.70 (1H, s)

# 10 Example 5

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A mixture of N-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-N'-[3[methylthio(imino)methyl]phenyl]urea (0.60 g) and ammonium
acetate (0.30 g) in methanol (6 ml) was heated at 65°C for 7
hours. After cooling, the precipitate formed was collected
and washed with methanol to give N-(3-amidinophenyl)-N'-(1methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)urea hydroiodide (75 mg).

mp: 214-218°C

IR (Nujol): 3340, 3260, 1690, 1640, 1560, 1525 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.75 (3H, s), 6.32 (1H, d, J=3Hz),

7.20-7.80 (9H, m), 7.97 (1H, s), 9.60-10.40 (4H, m)

#### Example 6

A mixture of N-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[methylthio(imino)methyl]phenyl]urea (300 mg), butylamine (188 mg), and acetic acid (154 mg) in methanol (3 ml) was stirred at 60°C for 6 hours. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was washed once with ether and twice with water. The oil was dissolved in methanol and the solution was evaporated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with ether and the powder obtained was collected and washed with ether to give N-[3-(butylamidino)phenyl]-N'-[1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]urea hydroiodide (274 mg) as an amorphous powder.

IR (Nujol): 3250, 1660, 1590, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 0.93 (3H, t, J=7Hz), 1.39 (2H, m),

- 25 -

1.61 (2H, m), 3.36 (2H, t, J=7Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.10-6.80 (7H, m), 8.00 (1H, s), 9.66 (1H, s), 10.10 (1H, s)

# 5 Example 7

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N-[3-(Benzylamidino)phenyl]-N'-[1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yllurea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 6.

IR (Nujol): 3250, 1660, 1620, 1580, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.76 (3H, s), 4.66 (2H, s), 6.35 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.10-7.70 (12H, m), 7.99 (1H, s), 8.59 (1H, s), 8.96 (1H, s), 8.60-9.60 (3H, br s)

# Example 8

N-[3-[2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amidinophenyl]-N'-[1methyl=1H-indol-5-yl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 6.

IR (Nujol): 3250, 1665, 1585, 1560 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.90 (2H, br t, J=7Hz), 3.62 (2H, br t, J=7Hz), 3.72 (3H, s), 3.76 (6H, s), 6.34 (1H, -d, J=3Hz), 6.70-7.80 (9H, m), 8.00 (1H, s), 9.03 (1H, s), 9.41 (1H, s)

#### Example 9

N-[3-(4-Methoxyphenylamidino)phenyl]-N'-[1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 6.

IR (Nujol): 3250, 1660, 1600, 1550, 1510 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.76 (3H, s), 3.82 (3H, s), 6.35 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.10-7.75 (12H, m), 8.12 (1H, s), 8.61 (1H, s), 8.97 (1H, s)

# Example 10

N-(Benzofuran-5-yl)-N'-(3-cyanophenyl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 1.

mp: 180-187°C

IR (Nujol) : 3270, 2230, 1630, 1600, 1560  $cm^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ,  $\delta$ ): 6.93 (1H, m), 7.25-8.00 (8H, m),

8.83 (1H, s), 9.00 (1H, s)

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#### Example 11

N-(Benzofuran-5-yl)-N'-(3-thiocarbamoylphenyl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 2.

mp: 188-194°C

10 IR (Nujol): 3280, 3170, 1625, 1600, 1565 cm<sup>-1</sup> NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 6.92 (1H, m), 7.25-8.00 (8H, m), 8.66 (1H, s), 8.84 (1H, s), 9.46 (1H, s), 9.84 (1H, s)

# 15 Example 12

N-(Benzofuran-5-yl)-N'-[3-[methylthio(imino)methyl]-phenyl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 3.

mp: 190-196°C

20 IR (Nujol): 3180, 1675, 1590, 1550 cm<sup>-1</sup> NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.86 (3H, s), 6.94 (1H, m), 7.30-8.20 (8H, m), 8.84 (1H, s), 9.12 (1H, s)

# Example 13

10% Pd-C (100 mg) was added to a solution of 1-methyl-5nitroindole (500 mg) in ethanol (20 ml). This mixture was
hydrogenated at 1 atm at ambient temperature for 2 hours.
The mixture was filtered through celite and evaporated. The
resulting oil was coevaporated with toluene. To the

30 resulting mass, 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole (460 mg) was added.
This mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 4 hours.
To this solution, 3-(dimethylaminomethyl)aniline (341 mg) was
added. This mixture was stirred at ambient temperature
overnight, evaporated, and partitioned between chloroform (50
ml) and water (20 ml). The organic layer was washed with

- 27 -

water (2 x 20 ml), dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. The residue was chromtographed over silica gel (chloroform) and recrystallized from methanol - ethyl acetate to give N-(3-dimethylaminomethylphenyl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea.

mp: 128-133°C

IR (Nujol): 1630 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.16 (6H, s), 2.96 (1H, d, J=3.0Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.86 (1H, d, J=6.9H<sub>2</sub>), 7.12-7.35 (5H, m), 7.45 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, J=1.7Hz), 8.42 (1H, s), 8.59 (1H, s)

#### Example 14

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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl)methyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 183-185°C

IR (Nujol): 1610 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.4-2.6 (4H, m), 3.08-3.23 (4H, m),

3.49 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=3.0Hz),

6.76 (1H, t, J=7.3Hz), 6.89-6.94 (3H, m), 7.11-7.38

(7H, m), 7.47 (1H, s), 7.68 (1H, s), 8.39 (1H, s),

8.59 (1H, s)

# 25 Example 15

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(3-piperidinomethylphenyl) urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 172-173°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1625 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 1.3-1.6 (6H, m), 2.25-2.45 (4H, m), 3.37 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=3.0Hz), 6.85 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.11-7.40 (6H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J=1.8Hz), 8.36 (1H, s), 8.56 (1H, s)

# 35 Example 16

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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(3-morpholinomethylphenyl) was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 174-175°C

IR (Nujol): 1650, 1615 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.36 (4H, t, J=4.4Hz), 3.42 (2H, s), 3.58 (4H, t, J=4.4Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.7Hz), 6.88 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.11-7.36 (5H, m), 7.44 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, J=1.8Hz), 8.38 (1H, s), 8.57 (1H, s)

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# Example 17

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(4-phthalimidomethylphenyl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.
IR (Nujol): 1760, 1700, 1665 cm<sup>-1</sup>

15 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.75 (3H, s), 4.41 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.12 (1H, dd, J=9Hz, 2Hz), 7.20-7.45 (6H, m), 7.67 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 7.80-7.95 (4H, m), 8.40 (1H, s), 8.59 (1H, s)

# 20 Example 18

N-[3-(1-Formylaminoethyl)phenyl]-N'-[1-methylindol-5-yl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 165-168°C

IR (Nujol): 1650, 1635 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 1.36 (3H, d, J=7Hz), 3.75 (3H, s),

4.80-5.10 (1H, m), 6.34 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.80-6.95

(1H, m), 7.10-7.50 (6H, m), 7.69 (1H, d, J=2Hz),

8.03 (1H, s), 8.40 (1H, s), 8.50-8.60 (2H, m)

MASS: 337 (M+1 $\oplus$ )

# Example 19

N-[3-(N-Methylanilino)methylphenyl]-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

35 mp: 143-144°C

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# Example 20

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-(1,2,3,4tetrahydroquinolin-1-yl)methylphenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 181-184°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1610 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 1.19-1.99 (2H, m), 2.74 (2H, t, J=6.1Hz), 3.38 (2H, t, J=5.4Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 4.43 (2H, s), 6.33-6.34 (1H, m), 6.42-6.49 (2H, m), 6.82-6.91 (3H, m), 7.10-7.40 (6H, m), 7.66 (1H, s), 8.33 (1H, s), 8.53 (1H, s)

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# Example 21

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(3-anilinomethylphenyl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 129-131°C

MASS: 411 (M+1)

25 IR (Nujol): 1610 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.75 (3H, s), 4.22 (2H, d, J=5.9Hz), 6.19 (1H, t, J=5.8Hz), 6.33 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.47-6.59 (2H, m), 6.92-7.40 (9H, m), 7.67 (1H, s), 8.35 (1H, s), 8.52 (1H, s)

30 MASS: 371 (M+1)

# Example 22

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)methylphenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 189-190°C

IR (Nujol): 1620, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.70 (2H, d, J=5.2Hz), 2.81 (2H, d, J=5.2Hz), 3.54 (2H, s), 3.61 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3.0Hz), 6.91-7.50 (10H, m), 7.68 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, s), 8.37 (1H, s), 8.56 (1H, s)

MASS: 411 (M+1)

Example 23

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(3-phthalimidomethylphenyl)-urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13. mp: 222-226°C

IR (Nujol): 1700, 1610 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.75 (3H, s), 4.74 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3.0Hz), 6.87-7.44 (8H, m), 7.84-7.95 (4H, m), 8.56 (1H, s), 8.80 (1H, s)

MASS: 425 (M+1)

# Example 24

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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(3-diphenylaminomethylphenyl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 194-195°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1610 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.75 (3H, s), 4.97 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3.0Hz), 6.88-7.40 (17H, m), 7.66 (1H, d, J=1.8Hz), 8.35 (1H, s), 8.57 (1H, s)

MASS: 447 (M+1)

#### Example 25

N-[3-(1-Anilinoethyl)phenyl]-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp : 158-162°C

IR (Nujol): 1650,  $1600 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 1.42 (3H, d, J=7Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 4.38 (1H, quint., J=7Hz), 6.14 (1H, d, J=6Hz), 6.33

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(1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.40-6.55 (3H, m), 6.90-7.45 (9H, m), 7.68 (1H, s), 8.36 (1H, s), 8.52 (1H, s) MASS: 385 (M+1 $^{\odot}$ )

### Example 26

N-[3-(Imidazol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 170-175°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1630 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.75 (3H, s), 5.17 (2H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.82 (1H, d, J=8Hz), 6.92 (1H, s), 7.05-7.45 (7H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 7.75 (1H, s), 8.40 (1H, s), 8.61 (1H, s) MASS: 346 (M+1 $\oplus$ )

# 15 Example 27

N-(8-Formylamino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

IR (Nujol):  $1630 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 1.60-2.00 (4H, m), 2.66 (2H, br s), 3.75 (3H, s), 5.00-5.10 (1H, m), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.99 (1H, d, J=8Hz), 7.11 (1H, dd, J=9Hz, 2Hz), 7.20-7.40 (4H, m), 7.67 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.12 (1H, s), 8.30 (1H, s), 8.40-8.60 (2H, m)

# Example 28

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N-(2-Benzyloxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-7-yl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

30 mp : 218-222°C

IR (Nujol): 1700, 1660, 1615  $cm^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.73 (2H, br t, J=6Hz), 3.62 (2H, br t, J=6Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 4.55 (2H, br s), 5.13 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.03-7.40 (6H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.43 (1H, br s), 8.49 (1H, br s)

- 32 -

MASS : 455 (M+1<sup>⊕</sup>)

# Example 29

N-(2-Benzyloxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-5-yl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 153-156°C

IR (Nujol): 1690, 1630 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.71 (2H, br t, J=6Hz), 3.69 (2H, br t, J=6Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 4.59 (2H, br s), 5.13 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.88 (1H, d, J=8Hz), 7.10-7.40 (9H, m), 7.60-7.80 (2H, m), 7.88 (1H, br s), 8.76 (1H, br s)

MASS : 455 (M+1<sup>⊕</sup>)

# Example 30

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N-(2-Benzyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-7-yl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl) urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 165-167°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1635 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

20 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.55-2.80 (4H, m), 3.50 (2H, s), 3.64 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.32 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.90-7.40 (11H, m), 7.66 (1H, s), 8.37 (2H, br s) MASS: 411 (M+1 $\oplus$ )

### Example 31

N-(1-Benzyloxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolin-7-yl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

IR (Nujol): 1680, 1640, 1610 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 1.84 (2H, quar., J=6Hz), 2.67 (2H, t, J=6Hz), 3.60-3.76 (5H, m), 5.20 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.00 (1H, d, J=8Hz), 7.10-7.50 (9H, m), 7.69 (1H, s), 7.84 (1H, s), 8.32 (1H, s), 8.52 (1H, s)

# 35 Example 32

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N-(1-Benzyloxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolin-5-yl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

mp: 147-152°C

IR (Nujol):  $1700, 1630 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 1.80-2.00 (2H, m), 2.65 (2H, t, J=7Hz), 3.60-3.80 (5H, m), 5.19 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.90-7.50 (10H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=7Hz), 7.71 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 7.84 (1H, s), 8.83 (1H, s)

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#### Example 33

N-(2,3-Dihydrobenzo[b]furan-7-yl)-N'-(3-phthalimidomethylphenyl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 13.

IR (Nujol): 3260, 1740, 1700, 1640 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.21 (2H, t, J=8.6Hz), 4.60 (2H, t, J=8.7Hz), 4.74 (2H, s), 6.71-7.03 (3H, m), 7.19-7.42 (3H, m), 7.66-8.10 (5H, m), 8.67 (1H, s), 9.13 (1H, s)

20 MASS: 414 (M+1)

### Example 34

To a solution of N-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-N-(4methoxybenzyl)-3-nitrobenzylamine (1.5 g) in ethanol (20 ml),
were added ferric chloride (50 mg), active carbon (500 mg),
and hydrazine monohydrate (2 ml). This mixture was stirred
at 70°C for 2 hours, filtered, and evaporated. The residue
was dissolved in chloroform and washed with water, dried over
magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. By using this
amine, the following compound was obtained according to a
similar manner to that of Example 13. N-(1-Methylindol-5yl)-N'-[3-[N-benzyloxycarbonyl-N-(4-methoxybenzyl)aminomethyl]phenyl]urea.

IR (Nujol) : 3300, 1700, 1610, 1560 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ) : 3.74 (3H, s), 3.76 (3H, s), 4.36

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(4H, s), 5.18 (2H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.80-6.96 (3H, m), 7.13-7.36 (13H, m), 7.70 (1H, s), 8.41 (1H, s), 8.61 (1H, s)

MASS: 549 (M+1)

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# Example 35

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[N-benzyloxycarbonyl-N-(4-methylbenzyl)aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 34.

IR (Nujol): 3260, 1690, 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.29 (3H, s), 3.76 (3H, s), 4.37

(4H, s), 5.18 (2H, s), 6.34 (1H, s, J=2.9Hz), 6.79

(1H, s), 7.13-7.36 (15H, m), 7.70 (1H, s), 8.42

(1H, s), 8.63 (1H, s)

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# Example 36

To a suspension of 1-methylindole-5-carboxylic acid (1.0 g) in benzene were added triethylamine (0.80 ml) and diphenylphosphoryl azide (1.23 ml). The mixture was refluxed for 3 hours. After being cooled, 4-cyanoaniline (1.35 g) was added and refluxed for 7 hours. The reaction mixture was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. Precipitates were collected, washed with water, and dried to give N-(4-cyanophenyl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea (1.11 g). From the ethyl acetate layer, another 0.41 g of N-(4-cyanophenyl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was obtained.

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mp: 238-240°C

IR (Nujol): 2315, 1695, 1640 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, \delta): 3.76 (3H, s), 6.36 (1H, d, J=3Hz),

7.15 (1H, dd, J=8Hz, 2Hz), 7.28 (1H, d, J=3Hz),

7.35 (1H, d, J=9Hz), 7.60-7.80 (5H, m), 8.63 (1H, s), 9.11 (1H, s)

MASS: 291 (M+1\oplus)
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N-(3-Cyanophenyl)-N'-(4-dimethylaminophenyl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 36.

IR (Nujol) : 3310, 2200, 1640, 1600  $\,\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.84 (6H, s), 6.68 (1H, s), 6.73 (1H, s), 7.25 (1H, s), 7.29 (1H, s), 7.37-7.67 (3H,

m), 8.32 (1H, s), 8.47 (1H, s), 8.89 (1H, s)

MASS: 281 (M+1)

# Example 38

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N-(3-Cyanophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydrobenzo[b] furan-7-yl) urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 36.

IR (Nujol): 2200, 1650, 1600  $cm^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.23 (2H, t, J=8.8Hz), 4.62 (2H, t, J=8.7Hz), 6.74-6.92 (2H, m), 7.40-7.64 (3H, m),

7.80 (1H, d, J=7.3Hz), 7.98 (1H, s), 8.30 (1H, s), 9.41 (1H, s)

--- MASS-: ... 280 (M+1)

### Example 39

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(4-thiocarbamoylphenyl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 2.

IR (Nujol): 1650, 1620, 1590 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.76 (3H, s), 6.35 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.15 (1H, dd, J=7Hz, 2Hz), 7.27 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.35 (1H, d, J=9Hz), 7.44 (2H, d, J=12Hz), 7.70 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 7.80-8.00 (3H, m), 8.55 (1H, s), 8.91 (1H, s), 9.30 (1H, br s), 9.61 (1H, br s)

# Example 40

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[4-[methylthio(imino)methyl]-phenyl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 3.

mp: 95-105°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1645 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

35 NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ,  $\delta$ ): 2.83 (3H, s), 3.77 (3H, s), 6.36

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(1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.17 (1H, dd, J=9Hz, 2Hz), 7.30 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.37 (1H, d, J=9Hz), 7.70-7.80 (3H, m), 7.80-8.10 (2H, m), 8.73 (1H, s), 9.34 (1H, s) MASS:  $339 (M+1^{\bigoplus})$ , 291  $(M-48(CH_2SH)+1)^{\bigoplus}$ 

# 5 Example 41

N-(3-Thiocarbamoylphenyl)-N'-(4-dimethylaminophenyl) urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 2.

IR (Nujol) : 3280, 1620 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.83 (6H, s), 6.67 (1H, s), 6.72

(1H, s), 7.24-7.39 (4H, m), 7.61-7.66 (1H, m), 7.91

(1H, s), 8.28 (1H, s), 8.71 (1H, s), 9.46 (1H, s),

9.84 (1H, s)

MASS: 315 (M+1)

# 15 Example 42

N-[3-[Methylthio(imino)methyl]phenyl]-N'-(4-dimethylaminophenyl)urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 3.

IR (Nujol) :  $1670 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

20 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.86 (3H, s), 3.61 (3H, s), 7.25-7.76 (5H, m), 7.89 (1H, s), 8.16 (1H, s), 9.25 (1H, s), 9.29 (1H, s)

MASS: 329 (M+1)

### 25 Example 43

N-[3-[Methylthio(imino)methyl]phenyl]-N'-(2,3-dihydrobenzo[b]furan-7-yl)urea hydroiodide was prepared in similar manners to those of Example 2, and then Example 3.

IR (Nujol): 1690, 1600 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.41 (3H, s), 3.23 (2H, t, J=8.8Hz), 4.62 (2H, t, J=8.7Hz), 6.73-6.90 (2H, m), 7.25-7.51 (3H, m), 7.82-7.86 (1H, s), 8.16-8.20 (1H, m), 9.28 (1H, s), 10.19 (1H, s), 10.36 (1H, s) MASS: 328 (M+1)

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Example 44
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N-(4-Amidinophenyl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl) urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 5.

5 mp: 167-172°C

IR (Nujol): 1650, 1630 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.77 (3H, s), 6.35 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.17 (1H, dd, J=9Hz, 2Hz), 7.28 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.34 (1H, d, J=9Hz), 7.60-7.90 (5H, m), 8.60-9.40

10 (6H, m) MASS:  $308 (M+1^{\oplus})$ 

#### Example 45

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[4-(phenylamidino)phenyl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of

15 Example 6.

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mp : >280°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1685 - 1650 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.77 (3H, s), 6.36 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.15 (1H, dd, J=9Hz, 2Hz), 7.29 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.30-7.65 (6H, m), 7.70-7.75 (3H, m), 7.86 (2H, d, J=9Hz), 8.66 (1H, s), 9.14 (1H, s)

MASS: 384 (M+1<sup>(+)</sup>)

### Example 46

N-[4-(Benzylamidino)phenyl]-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea 25 hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 6.

mp: 155-165°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1650 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.76 (3H, s), 4.65 (2H, s), 6.35 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.10-8.10 (16H, m), 9.34 (1H, s),

9.86 (1H, s) MASS: 398 (M+1 $^{\oplus}$ )

#### Example 47

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-(3-phenylpropyl)-

35 amidinophenyl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar

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manner to that of Example 6.

IR (Nujol): 3250, 1650, 1580 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 1.70-2.00 (4H, m), 2.70 (2H, m), 3.40 (2H, t, J=7Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.32 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.15-7.40 (11H, m), 7.47 (1H, t, J=9Hz), 7.75 (2H, m), 8.06 (1H, s), 9.94 (1H, s), 10.40 (1H, s)

 $MASS : 426 (M^++1)$ 

# Example 48

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-(2-phenylethyl)amidinophenyl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar
manner to that of Example 6.

IR (Nujol): 3250, 1655, 1580, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.97 (2H, t, J=8Hz), 3.36 (2H, t, J=8Hz), 3.76 (3H, s), 6.35 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.10-7.40 (12H, m), 7.48 (1H, t, J=8Hz), 7.64 (1H, d, J=9Hz), 7.77 (1H, s), 7.85 (1H, s), 8.92 (1H, s), 9.28 (1H, s)

MASS:  $412 (M^{+}+1)$ 

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# Example 49

N-(Benzo[b]furan-5-yl)-N'-[3-(phenylamidino)phenyl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 6.

25 IR (Nujol): 3500-3000, 1650, 1590, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 6.60 (1H, m), 6.90-7.00 (1H, m),

7.20-7.60 (10H, m), 7.70 (1H, m), 7.85 (1H, d,

J=2Hz), 7.95 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.13 (1H, m), 8.83

(1H, s), 9.04 (1H, s)

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MASS:  $371 (M^++1)$ 

# Example 50

N-[3-(Phenylamidino)phenyl]-N'-(4-dimethylaminophenyl)-urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 6.

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mp: 166-172°C

IR (Nujol): 1650 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.59 (6H, s), 7.36-7.77 (10H, m), 7.88-7.92 (2H, m), 8.10 (1H, s), 9.06 (1H, s), 9.22-9.24 (2H, m), 9.85 (1H, s), 11.43 (1H, s)

MASS: 374 (M+1)

### Example 51

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N-[3-(Phenylamidino)phenyl]-N'-(2,3-dihydrobenzo[b]
furan-7-yl)urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner
to that of Example 6.

mp : 97-105°C

IR (Nujol) : 1660 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ) : 3.23 (2H, t, J=8.6Hz), 4.61 (2H, t, J=8.6Hz), 6.73-7.06 (5H m), 7.30-7.62 (5H m)

J=8.6Hz), 6.73-7.06 (5H, m), 7.30-7.62 (5H, m),
7.85 (1H, d, J=7.8Hz), 7.99 (1H, s), 8.21 (1H, s),
9.28 (1H, s)

MASS: 373 (M+1)

# 20 Example 52

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A mixture of N-(1-methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(3-phthalimidomethylphenyl)urea (420 mg) and hydrazine monohydrate (150 mg) in ethanol (100 ml) was stirred at 70°C for 5 hours. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and 1N aqueous sodium hydroxide. The organic layer was washed with water, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. This residue was recrystallized from chloroform-hexane to give N-(1-methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(3-aminomethylphenyl)urea.

30 mp: 123-126°C IR (Nujol):  $1610 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 1.81 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.32 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.90 (1H, d, J=7.5Hz), 7.14-7.48 (8H, m), 7.74 (1H, s), 9.39 (1H, s), 9.51 (1H, s) 35 MASS: 295 (M+1)

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#### Example 53

N-(4-Aminomethylphenyl)-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 52.

mp: 173-175°C

5 IR (Nujol):  $1635 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.65 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.10-7.45 (7H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.44 (1H, s), 8.54 (1H, s)

MASS (FAB) : 295  $(M+1^{(+)})$ 

# 10 Example 54

N-(2,3-Dihydrobenzo[b]furan-7-yl)-N'-(3-aminomethylphenyl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 52.

mp : 151-153°C

15 IR (Nujol) : 3240, 1650, 1590 cm<sup>-1</sup>-

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.22 (2H, t, J=8.6Hz), 4.02 (2H, s), 4.61 (2H, t, J=8.7Hz), 6.72-6.95 (3H, m), 7.16-7.37 (3H, m), 7.86 (1H, d, J=7.1Hz), 8.17 (1H, s), 9.07 (1H, s)

20 MASS: 284 (M+1)

#### Example 55

To a solution of 7-nitrobenzo[b] furan (1.23 g) in ethanol (100 ml) were added hydrazine hydrate (660 µl),

ferric chloride (20 mg) and active carbon (200 mg). The mixture was stirred at 70°C for 2 hours, filtered, and evaporated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated to give 7-

aminobenzo[b] furan. By using this, the following compound was obtained according to similar manners to those of Example 13, and then Example 52.

N-(3-Aminomethylphenyl)-N'-(benzo[b]furan-7-yl)urea IR (Nujol) :  $1680 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

35 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.71 (2H, s), 6.95-6.98 (2H, m),

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7.13-7.43 (5H, m), 7.98-8.06 (2H, m), 8.87 (1H, s), 9.15 (1H, s)

MASS: 282 (M+1)

# 5 Example 56

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To a mixture of N-(1-methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(3-benzyloxycarbonylguanidino)methyl]phenyl]urea (100 mg), tetrahydrofuran (10 ml) and methanol (10 ml), 10% palladium on carbon (30 mg) was added. This mixture was hydrogenated at 1 atm at ambient temperature for 1 hour. The mixture was filtered through celite and evaporated. The resulting oil was triturated with diisopropyl ether to give N-(1-methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-(guanidinomethyl)phenyl]urea.

IR (Nujol): 1650, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.75 (3H, s), 4.33 (2H, s), 6.33

(1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.86 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.14-7.73

(9H, m)

MASS: 337 (M+1)

# 20 Example 57

To a mixture of N-(1-methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[N-benzyloxycarbonyl-N-(4-methoxybenzyl)aminomethyl]phenyl]urea (1 g) in methanol (15 ml) and tetrahydrofuran (15 ml) were added 10% palladium on carbon. This mixture was hydrogenated at 1 atm at ambient temperature for 1 hour, filtered and evaporated. The resulting oil was triturated with diisopropyl ether to give N-(1-methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(4-methoxybenzyl)aminomethyl]phenyl]urea.

mp: 78-80°C

IR (Nujol): 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.80-3.00 (1H, m), 3.63 (4H, s),

3.73 (3H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, s), 6.86-6.90

(3H, m), 7.10-7.50 (6H, m), 7.69 (1H, s), 8.41 (1H, s), 8.55 (1H, s)

MASS: 415 (M+1)

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Example 58
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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(4-methylbenzyl)-aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 57.

5 mp: 92-94°C

IR (Nujol) : 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.28 (3H, s), 3.64-3.65 (4H, m), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.91 (1H, d, J=6.9Hz), 7.10-7.43 (11H, m), 7.69 (1H, d, J=1.5Hz), 8.41 (1H, s), 8.56 (1H, s)

MASS: 533 (M+1)

# Example 59

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-(methylaminomethyl)-

phenyl]urea maleate was prepared in similar manners to those of Example 34, and then Example 57.

mp: 172-175°C

IR (Nujol): 3300, 1630, 1610 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.56 (3H, s), 3.76 (3H, s), 4.10 (2H, s), 6.04 (2H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.6Hz), 7.05 (1H, d, J=6.7Hz), 7.15 (1H, dd, J=8.7Hz, 1.9Hz), 7.27-7.42 (4H, m), 7.70-7.71 (2H, m), 8.57 (1H, s), 8.6-8.9 (3H, m)

MASS: 309 (M+1)

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#### Example 60

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(1,2,3,4- tetrahydroisoquinolin-7-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 57.

30 mp: 174-177°C

IR (Nujol): 1600, 1640 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.63 (2H, t, J=6Hz), 2.96 (2H, t, J=6Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 3.84 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.95 (1H, d, J=8Hz), 7.10-7.40 (5H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.45 (1H, s), 8.48 (1H, s)

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MASS : 321 (M+1<sup>⊕</sup>)

# Example 61

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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(1,2,3,4-

tetrahydroisoquinolin-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 57.

mp: 167-169°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1625 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.55 (2H, t, J=6Hz), 3.03 (2H, t, J=6Hz), 3.76 (3H, s), 3.84 (2H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.70 (1H, d, J=7Hz), 7.00-7.20 (2H, m), 7.26 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.34 (1H, d, J=9Hz), 7.70-7.80 (3H, m), 8.86 (1H, s) MASS: 321 (M+1 $^{\odot}$ )

#### Example 62

15 N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolin-5yl) urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 57.

mp: 180-185°C

IR (Nujol): 1620, 1600 cm<sup>-1</sup>

20 NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ,  $\delta$ ): 1.83 (2H, br s), 2.51 (2H, br s), 3.12 (2H, br s), 3.75 (3H, s), 5.59 (1H, br s), 6.17 (1H, d, J=8Hz), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.70-7.40 (5H, m), 7.57 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, s), 8.70 (1H, s) MASS:  $321 (M+1^{+})$ 

#### 25 Example 63

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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolin-7yl) urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 57.

mp: 225-230°C

IR (Nujol) : 1640, 1620 cm<sup>-1</sup> 30

> NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 1.60-1.90 (2H, m), 2.40-2.65 (2H, m), 3.10-3.20 (2H, m), 3.75 (3H, s), 5.60 (1H, br s), 6.32 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.45 (1H, dd, J=8Hz, 2Hz), 6.60-6.75 (2H, m), 7.11 (1H, dd, J=9Hz, 2Hz), 7.25 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.31 (1H, d, J=9Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, J=9Hz)

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J=2Hz), 8.16 (1H, s), 8.26 (1H, s) MASS:  $321 (M+1 \oplus)$ 

### Example 64

To a solution of N-[3-(1-formylaminoethyl)phenyl]-N'-(1-formylaminoethylamethylindol-5-yl)urea (0.30 g) in ethanol (10 ml) was added 1N-aqueous sodium hydroxide (2.7 ml). The mixture was refluxed for 9 hours. After evaporation, resulting mass was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. Organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate, and chromatographed on silica gel eluted by chloroform-methanol-aqueous ammonia (10:1:0 to 10 10:1:0.05) to give N-[3-(1-aminoethyl)phenyl]-N'-[1methylindol-5-yl]urea (0.19 g).

mp : 90-110°C (amorphous)

IR (Nujol):  $1650 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

15 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 1.29 (3H, d, J=6Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 4.03 (1H, q, J=6Hz), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.10-7.40 (5H, m), 7.47 (1H, s), 7.70 (1H, s), 8.56 (1H, s), 8.70 (1H, s)

MASS: 309  $(M+1^{\oplus})$ , 617  $(2M+1^{\oplus})$ 

#### 20 Example 65

N-(8-Amino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl)-N'-(1methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 64.

mp: 175-180°C

25 IR (Nujol) : 1665, 1595 cm<sup>-1</sup> NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 1.50-2.10 (4H, m), 2.45-2.70 (2H, m), 3.75 (3H, s), 4.00 (1H, br s), 6.32 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.98 (1H, d, J=8Hz), 7.14 (1H, dd, J=9Hz, 2Hz), 7.20-7.35 (3H, m), 7.52 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 7.70 30 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.69 (2H, s)MASS : 318 (M-NH<sub>2</sub>)⊕

### Example 66

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To a solution of N-[4-(aminomethyl)phenyl]-N'-(1methylindol-5-yl)urea (0.10 g) in N,N-dimethylformamide (5 ml) was added [(methylthio)(imino)methyl]benzene hydroiodide

- 45 -

(95 mg). The mixture was stirred at 100°C for 5 hours. After being cooled, the mixture was poured into water, alkalized by aqueous sodium hydroxide to pH=12, and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over sodium sulfate, evaporated, and chromatographed on silica gel eluted by chloroform-methanol-aqueous ammonia (9:1:0.1, V/V), to give N-[4-[[(imino)(phenyl)methyl]aminomethyl]phenyl]-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea (0.08 g).

mp: 120-130°C

10 IR (Nujol): 1650, 1590 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.75 (3H, s), 4.36 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.14 (1H, dd, J=9Hz, 2Hz), 7.20-

7.50 (10H, m), 7.69 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 7.75-7.85 (2H,

m), 8.53 (1H, br s), 8.67 (1H, br s) MASS: 398 (M+1 $^{\oplus}$ )

# Example 67

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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[[(imino)-(phenyl)methyl]---aminomethyl]phenyl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 66.

20 mp: 144-147°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1650 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.76 (3H, s), 4.67 (2H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 7.01 (1H, d, J=6.8Hz), 7.15 (1H, dd, J=8.7Hz, 1.9Hz), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.6-7.9 (9H, m), 8.55 (1H, s), 8.76 (1H, s), 9.1-9.7 (1H, m), 10-10.4 (1H, m)

MASS: 398 (M+1)

#### Example 68

N-[3-[1-[[(Imino)(phenyl)methyl]amino]ethyl]phenyl]-N'[1-methylindol-5-yl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to
that of Example 66.

mp: 110-125°C

IR (Nujol) : 1650, 1590 cm<sup>-1</sup>

35 NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ,  $\delta$ ): 1.40 (3H, d, J=7Hz), 3.75 (3H, s),

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4.70-4.80 (1H, m), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.90 (2H, br s), 7.00-7.50 (10H, m), 7.69 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 7.75-7.85 (2H, m), 8.44 (1H, s), 8.61 (1H, s) MASS: 412 (M+1 $\oplus$ )

# 5 Example 69

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[[(1-methylindol-5-yl)(imino)methyl]aminomethyl]phenyl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 66.

mp: 164-172°C

10 IR (Nujol) : 1640, 1580 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.76 (3H, s), 3.88 (3H, s), 4.69 (2H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.67 (1H, d, J=3.1Hz), 7.02 (1H, d, J=6.5Hz), 7.15 (1H, dd, J=8.8Hz, 1.9Hz), 7.27-7.36 (4H, m), 7.56-7.72 (5H, m), 8.15 (1H, s), 8.51 (1H, s), 8.73 (1H, s), 9.00 (1H, s), 9.41 (1H, s), 10.08 (1H, s)

MASS: 451 (M+1)

#### Example 70

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N-[3-[[(Imino)(phenyl)methyl]aminomethyl]phenyl]-N'(benzo[b]furan-7-yl)urea hydrochloride was prepared in a
similar manner to that of Example 66.

mp: 132-165°C

IR (Nujol) : 1680, 1600 cm<sup>-1</sup>

25 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 4.71 (2H, d, J=5.9Hz), 6.98-7.48 (6H, m), 7.60-8.05 (8H, m), 9.12 (1H, s), 9.36 (1H, s), 9.66 (1H, s), 9.80 (1H, s), 10.39 (1H, s) MASS: 385 (M+1)

# 30 Example 71

N-[3-[[(Imino)(phenyl)methyl]aminomethyl]phenyl]-N'-(2,3-dihydrobenzo[b]furan-7-yl)urea hydrochloride was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 66.

mp: 132-165°C

35 IR (Nujol):  $1660, 1590 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

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NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.22 (2H, t, J=8.7Hz), 4.59 (2H, t, J=8.7Hz), 4.71 (2H, s), 6.72-6.89 (2H, m), 7.03 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.27-7.43 (2H, m), 7.59-7.86 (7H, m), 8.33 (1H, d, J=6.3Hz), 9.39 (1H, s), 9.58 (1H, s), 9.67 (1H, s), 10.40 (1H, s)

MASS: 387 (M+1)

#### Example 72

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A mixture of N-(1-methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-(aminomethyl)phenyl]urea (280 mg) and N-benzyloxycarbonyl-S-methylisothiourea (230 mg) in isopropyl alcohol (15 ml) was heated at 80°C overnight. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was dissolved in chloroform, washed with 1N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution twice, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (2% methanol in chloroform) to give N-(1-methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(3-benzyloxycarbonyl-guanidino)methyl]phenyl]urea.

IR (Nujol): 3410, 1650, 1610 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.75 (3H, s), 4.3-4.4 (2H, m), 4.97

(2H, s), 6.33-6.34 (1H, m), 6.83-6.87 (1H, m),

7.11-7.68 (14H, m), 8.38 (1H, s), 8.59 (1H, s)

# Example 73

25 A mixture of N-(1-methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3(aminomethyl)phenyl]urea (500 mg), benzyl bromide (318 mg)
and potassium carbonate (257 mg) in N,N-dimethylformamide (15
ml) was stirred at 100°C for 3 hours. This solution was
partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic
layer was washed with water, dried over magnesium sulfate,
filtered, and evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on
silica gel (chloroform), triturated with ether to give N-(1methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-(benzylaminomethyl)phenyl]urea.

mp : 119-123°C IR (Nujol) : 1610 cm<sup>-1</sup>

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NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.66 (2H, s), 3.71 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.93 (1H, d, J=7.3Hz), 7.13-7.44 (12H, m), 7.70 (1H, s), 8.44 (1H, s), 8.59 (1H, s)

5 MASS: 385 (M+1)

# Example 74

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N-[3-(Benzylaminomethyl)phenyl]-N'-(benzo[b]furan-7-yl)-urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 73.

10 mp : 78-82°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1620 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.70 (2H, s), 3.73 (2H, s), 6.99-7.47 (12H, m), 7.96-8.05 (2H, m), 8.83 (1H, s), 9.15 (1H, s)

15 MASS: 372 (M+1)

### Example 75

N-[3-(Benzylaminomethyl)phenyl]-N'-(2,3-dihydrobenzo[b]furan-7-yl)urea hydrochloride was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 73.

mp: 106-112°C

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.22 (2H, t, J=8.6Hz), 4.09-4.15 (4H, m), 4.59 (2H, t, J=8.6Hz), 6.72-6.89 (2H, m), 7.17 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.29-7.64 (8H, m), 7.82 (1H, d, J=7.7Hz), 8.37 (1H, s), 9.54 (1H, s), 9.75 (2H, s)

MASS: 387 (M+1)

#### Example 76

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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(2-fluorobenzylamino)-methyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 73.

mo : 109-112°C

IR (Nujol): 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

35 NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ,  $\delta$ ): 3.69 (4H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34

- 49 -

(1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.93 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.11-7.55 (11H, m), 7.68 (1H, s), 8.41 (1H, s), 8.55 (1H, s)

MASS: 403 (M+1)

# 5 Example 77

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(3-chlorobenzylamino)-methyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 73.

mp: 124-125°C

10 IR (Nujol): 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.75 (1H, s), 3.65 (2H, s), 3.70

(2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.8Hz), 6.92 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.12-7.45 (11H, m), 7.70 (1H, d,

J=1.7Hz), 8.40 (1H, s), 8.55 (1H, s)

15 MASS: 419 (M+1)

### Example 78

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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(2-chlorobenzylamino)-methyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 73.

mp : 126-136°C

IR (Nujol): 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ) : 2.69 (1H, s), 3.71 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 3.78 (2H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.8Hz), 6.95 (1H, d, J=7.3Hz), 7.12-7.44 (9H, m), 7.59 (1H, d, J=6.2Hz), 7.69 (1H, s), 8.40 (1H, s), 8.54 (1H, s)

MASS: 419 (M+1)

# Example 79

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(4-chlorobenzylamino)-methyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 73.

mp: 114-119°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1610 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

35 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.64 (2H, s), 3.68 (2H, s), 3.75

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(3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 7.34 (1H, d, J=7.3Hz), 7.12-7.43 (11H, m), 7.68 (1H, s), 8.40 (1H, s), 8.54 (1H, s)

MASS: 419 (M+1)

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# Example 80

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(4-chlorobenzylamino)-methyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 73.

10 mp : 141-144°C

IR (Nujol): 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.66 (2H, s), 3.69 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.6Hz), 6.93 (1H, d, J=7.6Hz), 7.10-7.44 (11H, m), 7.69 (1H, s), 8.44 (1H, s), 8.58 (1H, s)

MASS: 403 (M+1)

# Example 81

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(3,5-dichlorobenzylamino)-20 methyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 73.

mp: 155-159°C

IR (Nujol): 1610, 1570 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.87 (1H, s), 3.64 (2H, s), 3.70 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=2.8Hz), 6.97 (1H, d, J=7.3Hz), 7.13-7.44 (9H, m), 7.71 (1H, s), 8.41 (1H, s), 8.55 (1H, s)

MASS: 453 (M)

# 30 Example 82

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(N-methyl-N-benzylamino)-methyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 73.

mp: 78-80°C

35 IR (Nujol): 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

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NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.10 (3H, s), 3.46 (2H, s), 3.50 (2H, s), 3.76 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.92 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.13-7.70 (12H, m), 8.61 (1H, s), 8.77 (1H, s)

MASS: 399 (M+1)

# Example 83

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N-(4-(Dibenzylaminomethyl)phenyl]-N'-[1-methylindol-5-yl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 73.

mp: 181-183°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1640 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.44 (2H, s), 3.49 (4H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.33 (2H, d, J=3Hz), 7.13 (1H, dd, J=9Hz, 2Hz), 7.20-7.50 (16H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.41 (1H, br s), 8.54 (1H, br s)

MASS:  $475 (M+1^{\bigoplus})$ 

# Example 84

To a suspension of N-[4-(aminomethyl)phenyl]-N'-[1-methylindol-5-yl]urea (0.15 g) in toluene (5 ml) was added benzaldehyde (0.052 ml). The mixture was refluxed under nitrogen atmosphere for 4 hours. After evaporation, the residue was suspended in ethanol (15 ml), and sodium borohydride (57.9 mg) was added. The mixture was stirred at 50°C for 2 hours. After evaporation, the residue was partitioned between water and chloroform. The chloroform layer was dried over sodium sulfate, and chromatographed on silica gel eluted by chloroform-methanol (0-5%, V/V) to give N-[4-(benzylaminomethyl)phenyl]-N'-[1-methylindol-5-yl]urea (0.11 g).

mp : 125-130°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1640 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.62 (2H, s), 3.68 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 7.10-7.45 (12H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.40 (1H, br s), 8.51 (1H,

br s)
MASS:  $385 (M+1^{\oplus})$ ,  $278 (M-phCH_2NH^{\oplus})$ 

### Example 85

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(2,6-dimethoxybenzyl)aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

mp: 168-171°C

IR (Nujol): 1610, 1590, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.34 (4H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 3.77 (7H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.64 (1H, s), 6.68 (1H, s), 6.87 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.12-7.31 (6H, m), 7.47 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, J=1.7Hz), 8.50 (1H, s), 8.64 (1H, s)

MASS: 445 (M+1)

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# Example 86

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-(3-pyridylmethylaminomethyl)phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

20 mp: 115-122°C

IR (Nujol): 1650, 1600, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 2.84 (1H, s), 3.66 (2H, s), 3.71 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.93 (1H, d, J=7.3Hz), 7.13-7.44 (7H, m), 7.70-7.80 (2H, m), 8.41-8.55 (4H, m)

MASS: 386 (M+1)

# Example 87

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(2,5-difluorobenzyl)-30 aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

mp: 121-130°C

IR (Nujol): 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ,  $\delta$ ): 2.72 (1H, s), 3.68 (2H, s), 3.72

35 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.93

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(1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.12-7.44 (9H, m), 7.69 (1H, s), 8.40 (1H, s), 8.55 (1H, s)

MASS: 421 (M+1)

### 5 Example 88

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(2-methoxybenzyl)-aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

mp : 124-140°C

10 IR (Nujol) : 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.68-3.69 (4H, m), 3.75 (3H, s), 3.77 (3H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.89-6.98 (3H, m), 7.12-7.45 (8H, m), 7.69 (1H, d, J=1.7Hz), 8.42 (1H, s), 8.57 (1H, s)

15 MASS: 415 (M+1)

# Example 89

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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(1-naphthyl)-methylaminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

mp: 74-78°C

IR (Nujol) : 1610, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.75 (3H, s), 3.79 (2H, s), 4.14 (2H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=2.8Hz), 6.98 (1H, d,

J=7.3Hz), 7.13-7.94 (14H, m), 8.10-8.20 (1H, m), 8.41 (1H, s), 8.56 (1H, s)

MASS: 435 (M+1)

#### Example 90

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(2,4,6-trimethoxybenzyl)-aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

mp: 144-152°C

IR (Nujol): 1700, 1610, 1540  $cm^{-1}$ 

35 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.76 (3H, s), 3.79 (9H, s), 3.88

(2H, s), 3.96 (2H, s), 6.28 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=2.8Hz), 7.05 (1H, d, J=7.7Hz), 7.16 (1H, d, J=8.6Hz), 7.28-7.40 (4H, m), 7.65 (1H, s), 7.71 (1H, s), 8.83 (1H, s), 8.99 (1H, s)

MASS: 475 (M+1)

# Example 91

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N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(2,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

mp : 108-111°C

IR (Nujol): 1610, 1600, 1580, 1540 cm $^{-1}$ NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.66 (2H, s), 3.72 (2H, s), 3.75-3.77 (9H, m), 6.34 (1H, d, J=3.0Hz), 6.47-6.55 (2H, m), 6.94 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.12-7.38 (7H, m), 7.45 (1H, s), 7.70 (1H, d, J=1.6Hz), 8.52 (1H, s), 8.67 (1H, s)

MASS: 445 (M+1)

# 20 Example 92

N-[3-(1-Benzylaminoethyl)phenyl]-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

mp: 75-90°C

25 IR (Nujol) :  $1640 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 1.27 (3H, d, J=7Hz), 3.40-3.80 (3H, m), 3.76 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=3Hz), 6.95 (1H, d, J=7Hz), 7.10-7.50 (12H), 7.69 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.39 (1H, s), 8.55 (1H, s)

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### Example 93

N-(Benzo[b]furan-5-yl)-N'-[3-(benzylaminomethyl)-phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

35 mp : 130-131°C

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# Example 94

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N-(Benzo[b]furan-5-yl)-N'-[3-{(2,4,6-trimethoxybenzyl)-aminomethyl]phenyl]urea acetate was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

mp : 95-110°C
IR (Nujol) : 1660 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ) : 3.78-3.89 (13H, m), 6.27 (1H, s),
6.90 (1H, s), 7.03 (1H, d, J=8.0Hz), 7.26-7.60 (5H, m), 7.84 (1H, s), 7.93 (1H, d, J=2.1Hz), 8.98 (1H, d, J=6.3Hz)

MASS : 462 (M+1)

# Example 95

N-[3-[(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)aminomethyl]phenyl]-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

mp: 100-110°C

IR (Nujol): 1640 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 3.67 (3H, s), 3.73 (4H, s), 3.75 (6H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.88-7.00 (4H, m), 7.11-7.50 (6H, m), 7.68 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, s), 8.45 (1H, s), 8.59 (1H, s)

MASS: 445 (M+1)

#### Example 96

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(2,4,6-trimethylbenzyl)-aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

35 mp: 178-179°C

IR (Nujol): 1635 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.18 (3H, s), 2.26 (6H, s), 3.58 (2H, s), 3.73 (2H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=3.0Hz), 6.78 (2H, s), 6.96 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.11-7.45 (7H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J=1.7Hz), 8.52 (1H, s), 8.58 (1H, s)

MASS: 427 (M+1)

# Example 97

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N-(Benzo[b]furan-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(2,4,6-trimethylbenzyl)-aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

mp: 183-185°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1635 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

15 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.18 (3H, s), 2.26 (6H, s), 3.59 (2H, s), 3.75 (2H, s), 6.78 (2H, s), 6.90 (1H, t, J=0.86Hz), 6.99 (1H, d, J=7.5Hz), 7.18-7.52 (5H, m), 7.83 (1H, d, J=2.0Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, J=2.2Hz), 8.60 (1H, s), 8.63 (1H, s)

20 MASS: 414 (M+1)

# Example 98

N-[3-[(3,4-Dihydroisoquinolin-1-yl)] aminomethyl]phenyl]-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl) urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 66.

mp : 224-228°C

IR (Nujol) : 1600, 1630, 1675 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 3.03 (2H, t, J=6.4Hz), 3.54 (2H, t, J=6.7Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 4.66 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, d, J=2.9Hz), 6.97 (1H, d, J=7.1Hz), 7.13 (1H, dd, J=8.7Hz, 1.9Hz), 7.26-7.74 (9H, m), 8.06 (1H, d, J=7.7Hz), 8.46 (1H, s), 8.68 (1H, s), 9.90 (2H, s)

MASS: 424 (M+1)

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N-[3-[[(Methylimino)(phenyl)methyl]aminomethyl]phenyl]-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 66.

mp: 138-152°C

IR (Nujol) :  $1640 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): mixture of tautomers, [major, 3.07 (3H, s), 4.36 (2H, s)], [minor, 2.82 (2H, s), 4.62 (2H, s)], [both, 3.76 (3H, s), 6.34-6.35 (1H, m), 6.75-6.79 (1H, m), 7.00-7.68 (14H, m), 8.48-8.51

(1H, m), 8.64-8.71 (1H, m), 9.6-9.8 (1H, m)]

MASS: 412 (M+1)

### Example 100

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N-(Benzo[b]furan-7-yl)-N'-(3-cyanophenyl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 1.

mp : 208-215°C (MeOH)

IR (Nujol): 3300, 2240, 1640, 1610, 1560  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ 

NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ,  $\delta$ ): 7.00 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 7.19 (1H, t,

J=8Hz), 7.31 (1H, d, J=7Hz), 7.48 (2H, m), 7.68

(1H, d, J=9Hz), 7.94 (1H, d, J=7Hz), 8.04 (2H, m),

8.99 (1H, s), 9.46 (1H, s)

# Example 101

N-(Benzo[b]furan-7-yl)-N'-(3-thiocarbamoylphenyl)urea 25 was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 2.

mp : 155-164°C

IR (Nujol) : 3270, 1630, 1600, 1555 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 7.00 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 7.14-7.46 (4H,

m), 7.75 (1H, m), 7.98-8.08 (2H, m), 8.60 (1H, s),

9.35 (1H, s), 9.51 (1H, s), 9.89 (1H, s)

# Example 102

N-(Benzo[b]furan-7-yl)-N'-[3-[methylthio(imino)methyl]phenyl]urea hydroiodide was prepared in a similar manner to
that of Example 3.

mp: 180-182°C

IR (Nujol): 3400, 3170, 1680, 1625, 1550 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 2.86 (3H, s), 7.00 (1H, d, J=2Hz),

7.20 (1H, t, J=8Hz), 7.32 (1H, d, J=7Hz), 7.46 (1H, d, J=8Hz), 7.60 (1H, t, J=8Hz), 7.70 (1H, d, J=8Hz), 7.94 (1H, d, J=8Hz), 8.08 (1H, d, J=2Hz),

8.20 (1H, m), 8.94 (2H, s), 9.56 (1H, s)

#### Example 103

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N-(Benzo[b] furan-7-yl)-N'-[3-(phenylamidino)phenyl]urea
was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 6.

mp: 190-200°C

IR (Nujol): 3200, 1675, 1650, 1625, 1590, 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup>

NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 7.01 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 7.19 (1H, t,

J=8Hz), 7.32 (1H, d, J=7Hz), 7.40-7.80 (8H m)

J=8Hz), 7.32 (1H, d, J=7Hz), 7.40-7.80 (8H, m), 7.96 (1H, d, J=7Hz), 8.08 (1H, d, J=2Hz), 8.14 (2H, m), 9.00 (2H, m), 9.51 (1H, s)

#### Example 104

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[(2-thienylmethyl)-aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

# Example 105

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-[[(3-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)methyl]aminomethyl]phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

# Example 106

N-[3-[[(3-Methoxyphenyl)methyl]aminomethyl]phenyl]N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

# Example 107

N-[3-[[(2-Methoxy-5-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)methyl]-

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aminomethyl]phenyl]-N'-(1-methylindol-5-yl)urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

# Example 108

N-(1-Methylindol-5-yl)-N'-[3-(phenethylaminomethyl)-phenyl]urea was prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 84.

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